



The Impact of Vanbandhu Kalyan Yojana on Tribal Community

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Abstract:

There are different types of tribal Communities lived in the world especially in the Africa Continent, Australia Continent and Asia Continent. The tribal community is very much Important on the basis of language, Culture and their diversity. We can find much population of tribal community in Eastern Continent. On the basis of population, we find more population in Africa and then second in India. In Asian Continent India is the country where the population of this community is more than population of western content, many years ago, their migration they lived up to how different places and different direct with their traditional customs. That's why they know as root people.

Keywords: Tribal Communities, Vanbandhu Kalyan Yojana

1. Introduction

The tribal community is very much Important on the basis of language, Culture and their diversity. We can find much population of tribal community in Eastern Continent. On the basis of population, we find more population in Africa and then second in India. Gujarat accounts for 8.2 % of the Schedule tribal population of the country. The tribal population of Gujarat, numbering 89.20 lakh, constitute 15% of the state's population. They are considering the eastern districts from Abu no the Rajasthan border in the north to Umargam Vapi on the Maharashtra border in the south Gujarat the tsp area constitution 18% of the state's geographical area, there are 11 major tribes in Gujarat the largest Bhil, constituting 47.90% of the tribal population.

The government of India ministry of home Affairs recognised Kathodi and Kotavalya tribes of Gujarat as primitive tribes in the year 1976, while Padhars and Siddis were declared as primitive tribes in 1982 and Koldhas in the year of 1983-84. there are different 29 tribal communities Lived in Gujarat in which Bhill, Gamit, Chaudhari, Vasava, Kokani, Dhodiya, Varli etc. The population group's is spread over 13 districts.

The surveys were completed on the basis of tribal territories and their population. That survey is introduced that the development of the tribal community is backward then other developed backward community. But we can find such development in cast one decade, because of the development's programmers for the tribal community by government so ther is the research on the Impact of Vanbandhu Kalyan yojana on tribal community and one more thing is the limitation of the research which is limited up to the 300 Families of 10 villages at Vyara Taluka of Tapi district and Vansada Taluka of Navsari district.

2. Vanbandhu Kalyan Yojana

The Vanbandhu Kalyan Yojana, also known as Chief Minister's 10 Points Program for tribal development was Launched under mission mode on 27/02/2007. Focus on all round development of the people, special the schedule tribe of Gujarat Vanbandhu Kalyan Yojana was launched by the then Chief

Minister's and Now Hon'ble prime Minister, shri Narendra Modi. he is comprehensive and successful growth initiatives are today acclaimed national and world wide as the Gujarat model of development As a result of the Vanbandhu Kalyan Yojana, initiative the financial allocation under TSP incurred from the Rs.15000 crore in the 11th plan the expenditure against which was Rs 17200 crore buoyed by this the state Government has allotted Rs 40000 crore during the twelfth five years Plan.

3. Chief Minister's 10 Points Program

1. Qualitative and Sustainable Employment of five lakh family
2. Emphasis on Quality Education and Higher Education
3. Accelerated Economic Development of tribal Areas
4. Health for All
5. Housing for All
6. Safe Drinking Water to All
7. Irrigation
8. All Weather Roads
9. Universal Availability of Electricity
10. Urban Development

4. Objective

1. To Examine the Economic, Materialistic social and education conditions of tribal, of Tapi and Navsari district and apart from that health Conditions would also be examined
2. Focus on improving human Development index and the social and civil infrastructure in tribal areas.
3. The program seeks convergence of funds under various schemes of Government of Gujarat, Government of India and private sector.

5. Approach

Focus on equity and Social Justice for tribal Community

Its approach was decentralized people centered and participatory

Strategies were favourable to the tribal people and assisted in their Empowerment

6. Methods of Data Collection

6.1 Primary data

The primary Information had collected through visiting the Study field and this information can also get through visiting index, Observations, visiting Methods

6.2 Interview

To collect the information for the present Study interview scheduled was use of this method researcher has to make chronological questions paper and researcher has filled up an index by using chronological question to selected Answers.

6.3 Main Finding

The state government has introduced different developing programme but because of the unevenness and the illiteracy they cannot take more advantages from them.

In this Vanbandhu Kalyan Yojana government has finalized to provide electricity to 76% backwards families and 71% families has taken advantage for health and government has build houses for 63% families

Finally, 68% families have taken employment under the governmental programme. Government has given subsidies for agriculture development to 71% backward desired families.

7. Health achievement

Benefits of Chiranjeevi yojana to 5 lakh ST families.

- Annual health check-up program undertaken for 66.46 Lakha People, removal of malnutrition among 1.03 lakh pregnant women, 0.49 lakh tribal families, 3.9% received tap water at household level in 2001. today More than families 56% have benefits under the scheme. All ST families to get safe, assured & adequate drinking water within next five years.
- Financial and technical assistance for promoting drip irrigation Identification of new medium and minor irrigation projects.

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