The Biggest Change of Globalization: Human Rights

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Introduction

Many changes took place in the world in the last decade of 20th century. Liberalization, privatization and globalization have played an important role in bringing about these changes. These three factors have made an important contribution in opening up many new areas of development, industries and employment and in breaking age old traditions.

Globalization

Liberalization and privatization gave an impetus to globalization. These two elements gave birth to globalization. Globalization means the bonding of the whole world with a single thread, thus becoming one unit of the entire world or the coming together of all the countries of the world. The world is becoming smaller and the concept is one big village has arisen. The concept of a world village has been presented by Marshal Mac Luhan.

Some local, regional or national problems have now become global problems. The countries of the world reduced the restrictions and control a trade and commerce, factories and industries, exchange of teachers and students, import and export of goods, etc. India could not have been indifferent to these changes for it has political, cultural, trade related, educational and technology related bonds with many other countries of the world.

In order to march with the world, to stay in the mainstream of the world's nation and to make India a development nation, the government of India made certain changes in its economics policies, adopted a policy of liberalization and removed certain controls and restriction on trade, commerce and industry. It reduced taxes, announced substantial concessions in the export of goods and simplified the process of starting new industries. The gates of India were opened up for traders and industrialists from all over the world and non-resident Indians (NRIs). Indian traders and industrialist were granted certain reliefs and concessions. This led to an increase in India's   trade with the world. India is marching ahead according to the rules laid down by the World Trade Organization (WTO). As a result, trade and commerce have developed. Our relations with the countries of the world in the political, trading, cultural, educational, tourism, etc. are strengthened. This has encouraged trade and industry. This is the result of globalization. The main motive force behind globalization is I.T.

Human rights

Globalization has created an urban society. Its benefits have manifold. The main benefit is to increase education in people. As a result poverty is decreased. People of India, to get more and more education, people have more increase expectations. As   a result, at all the stages of civilization and in all kinds of social systems, man has certain expectations. He has certain definite expectations for the care, upbringing and well-being of himself, the members of his family and his friends. He has these expectations   from the society and its components and the government. When a man's expectations are not fulfilled on account of pressures, political pressures, oppression or natural factors, he experiences helplessness and insecurity and becomes a victim of tyranny or exploitation. At such a time he puts up a struggle. From many such struggles arises the question of human rights.

What is the meaning of Human Rights?

Social conditions necessary for the development of an individual's personality are generally called rights. With their exercise a person can achieve his all-round development. Human rights are a means for an individual to realize his wishes and dreams. If there is   anything that binds different people living in all corners of the world without any exception, it is human rights." 'Human rights mean such a social structure and aspect of social organization as are absolutely necessary for the realization of the hopes and aspirations of all individuals or groups of individuals in the society.

Human Rights Day

Human Rights were recognized at world level after the Second World War. In 1948, the General Assembly of the United Nations passed a universal declaration of human rights. The day was December 10, 1948. This was the 'birthday' of human rights. Since that day, December 10, every year is observed as the 'Human Rights Day'' in the whole world including India.

Advantage of Human Rights

Man achieves complete development because of human rights. They prevent the exploitation of man by others. An individual can develop himself according to his own wishes. He finds security. He becomes free from social pressure and from political oppression.